

Date:	18 June 20	21]													
Assessor's na	me:	Paul T	urner			Ref. N	No.:	TOAT PE Lessons - 001	Review date:	18 June 2022									
Endorsed by:		Susan	Wilso	on		Signa	ature:	S. Wilson Position:	Executive Headteacher	Date:	18 June	18 June 2021.							
Description of assessment: Physica					cal	Educ	Education (PE) Lessons												
Location detai	ls:		Tall	Oak	s Aca	ademy	Trust Site	S											
Identified hazards	Who may be affected							ntrol	vel be meas L = F	ures	Existing	control measures	Additional control measures required		To be actioned by	Fi		isk lev L = R	/el
		S L		L	R	RR	R					S	L	R	R R				
Hazards presented by PE Lessons		Staff pils					All less conduc DfE gui measur Trust C be follo standar lesson cannot Most Pl of addit particip correctl been cr of the n It does	RAL POINTSons and learning must beted in accordance with currentdelines. The full controlres in the Tall Oaks AcademyOVID-19 Risk Assessment mustwed and take priority overrd lesson procedures. If youris not COVID - 19 secure youcontinue.E lessons will present some formional risk of injury to theants if lessons are not managedy. This risk assessment hasreated to guide and Identify somenany risks present in PE lessons.not cover all potential risks. Alleachers and those conducting PE	that may be pres the specific lesso	ser a simple Hazards sent for	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers								



	 lessons should use this generic risk assessment as guidance for their proposed lessons. Close adult supervision is required at all times during PE lessons – consider using additional adults for supervision if required. All class teachers and those conducting PE lessons must Identify any risk to themselves and the children. Each lesson will be different and therefore lesson organisers, as a part of their PPA planning should conduct their own risk assessment to ensure appropriate control measures are in place. To do this: Teaching Staff must complete the attached Simple RA (Risk and Responsibilities) Risk Assessment for each PE lesson. Once complete please send to your HOS/SLT for signature. The 'Safe Practice in Physical Education (2004)-BAALPE' guidelines should be referred to by all teachers when planning their PE lessons 	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers			
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NOTE: Before completing this risk assessment please see guidance notes towards the end of the document.





SAFE PRACTICE IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Available from: www.baalpe.org or telephone 01746 769487 Copies of this poster are available from: DfES Publications at www.teachernet.gov.uk/pesafety or telephone 0845 6022260

department for education and skills Av Roixy Oideachais Minnystrie o LEAR







Identified hazards	Who may be affecte d		Risk Level before control measures S x L = R			Existing control measures	Additional control measures required	To be actioned by	Fir	nal Ris S x L		i
	ŭ	S	L	R	RR				S	L	R	R R
General PE activities	Pupils	2	3	6	М	 PE safety rules should be follwed and all activities should closely supervised by staff and carried out in accordance with BAALPE guidelines. Essentially all Outside pitches and equipment must be checked for safety (uneven surfaces and foreign objects) prior to each use. Other general safety concerns to consider include, but are not limited to: Monitoring the environment, such as heat, when playing outdoor sports Having a fully stocked first aid kit in the gym Knowing how to recognize the signs of a concussion, such as dizziness and headache Checking your gym's equipment for any problems Ensuring students are wearing appropriate clothing for the activity at hand 	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers	2	2	4	L



Gym equipment: Wall bars, ropes benches, stands, agility tables, vaulting boxes, and mats.	Pupils	2	3	6	M	All equipment inspected annually by independent specialists and repaired or replaced where necessary to prevent danger. All equipment checked weekly by SM. All activities closely supervised by staff and carried out in accordance with BAALPE guidelines.	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers	2	2	4	L
Manual handling gym equipment i.e. benches, vaulting box, stands, agility tables and mats etc.	Staff Pupils	2	2	4	L	Team lifts used to reduce risks. Larger loads are split down where possible to reduce weight. Staff have been provided with manual handling training to reduce the risk of injury. Trolleys provided for gym mats and these only moved by two persons because of the high weights involved. Pupils carry items in teams to reduce risks. Staff ensure that any manual handling carried out by pupils is well within their capabilities.	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers	2	1	2	L



Identified hazards	Who may be affected		Risk Level before control measures S x L = R		control measures		control measures S x L = R		Existing control measures	Additional control To be actio by			Final Risk level S x L = R			
		S	L	R	RR				S	L	R	R R				
Clothing, footwear & personal effects' Wearing of jewellery	Pupils, Staff, Adult helpers	2	2	4	L	HOS should have a clear written policy in place regarding the management of personal clothing, footwear and personal adornments; • Pupil's long hair is required to be tied back; • Pupils are required to remove all personal effects. If they cannot be removed, then all personal effects must be made safe; • Pupils wear suitable clothing for the activity; • All staff and students change into footwear that is appropriate for the indoor lesson and for the PESSPA activity being taught; • In gymnastics, barefoot work is the safest, whether on floor or apparatus, because the toes can grip. Barefoot work in both gymnastics and dance can improve aesthetics by allowing the foot and toes to move through a full range of flexion and extension, which in turn strengthens the muscles, bones and joints. Training shoes should not, however, be worn for gymnastics activities; • For indoor games appropriate footwear should be worn due to the	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	All Lesson Planners Teachers	2	1	2	L				



and changing toes can be st that require th football) or in ball at ground hockey). Train good traction for a range of also support t	cy of sudden stopping irection quickly where bbed, and also for games e ball to be kicked (e.g. olve a hard, fast-moving evel (e.g. indoor ng shoes, which provide vill often prove effective ndoor games and will e feet when carrying out re largely high impact.
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Identified hazards	Who may be affecte d		Risk Level before control measures S x L = R		ures	Existing control measures	Additional control measures required	To be actioned by	Fir	Final Risk level S x L = R			
	ŭ	S	L	R	RR				S	L	R	R R	
Weather	Pupils	2	1	2	L	 In the event of extreme weather conditions Hot or Cold and Wet the Class Teacher will assess and decide if the event should continue All Staff/children should wear sunhats and apply sun cream if the weather dictates All Staff/children should have access to fluids to prevent dehydration 	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers	1	1	1	L	



						Suitable clothing and footwear should be advised to parents prior to the event.						
Medical - Accidents Health issues: Accessibility of inhalers:	Pupils	2	3	6	Μ	 A suitable First Aid kit/Kits will be available during sports and PE lessons. Teachers to explain need for sensible, calm behaviour during lessons. Children to follow directions and instructions from staff in order to prevent accidents. Staff should check the areas being used for foreign objects and trip hazards Children may trip, fall or slip whilst competing in their events. First Aid to be administered by qualified First Aider as required. Inhalers to be kept by group leaders in an individual plastic zippers in coat pocket (with them at all times). Class Teacher to be fully aware of Health Care Plans, have a copy of the HCPs and ensure full compliance with health requirements are met at all times 	Teacher or Lesson planner should conduct a simple RA to check for Hazards that may be present for the specific lesson.	Lesson Organisers Class Teachers	2	2	4	L

NOTE: Before completing this risk assessment please see guidance notes towards the end of the document.



Guidance Notes

RISK	= SEVE	RITY x	LIKELIH	HOOD		SEVERITY (Impact)
	-				4	FATALITY OR SPECIFIED INJURY: imminent danger exists, hazard capable of causing death and illness on a wide scale
	4	8	12	16	3	MAJOR/SERIOUS INJURY: hazard can result in serious injury and/or illness, property and equipment damage
					2	MINOR INJURY: hazard can cause illness, injury or equipment damage, but the results would not be expected to be serious
RITY	3	6	9	12	1	TRIVIAL OR NEGLIGIBLE: hazard will not result in serious injury or illness, remote possibility of damage
SEVE	2	4	6	8		LIKELIHOOD (Probability)
•					4	HIGHLY LIKELY/ FREQUENT: likely to occur, to be expected
	1	2	3	4	3	LIKELY: not surprised, will occur given time
					2	POSSIBLE: could occur occasionally
		LIKEL	IHOOD		1	HIGHLY UNLIKELY: unlikely to happen, although possible

1–4	5–8	9–12	13–16
LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	VERY HIGH
Continue with existing control, however monitor for changes. Implement any additional control measures required, within the timescales given in the risk assessment.	Requires attention to reduce the rating as well as regular ongoing monitoring. Implement any additional control measures required, within the timescales given in the risk assessment.	Requires immediate attention to bring the risk down to an acceptable level. Implement the control measures required, within the timescales given in the risk assessment and continue to review working practices to reduce the probability of an accident to the lowest possible level.	Stop immediately – the risk is too high. Take immediate action to reduce the risk to the lowest level possible.

NOTE: Before completing this risk assessment please see guidance notes towards the end of the document.



Teachers planning of any lessons should include the awareness of safety and risk assessment in certain environments and activities. All teachers should be encouraged to make a risk assessment prior to a PE lesson. This involves looking at the teaching area and equipment and assessing whether it is safe to proceed with the lesson. This process is outlined below:

- 1. Identify hazards- anything that my cause harm.
- 2. Consider the risk of someone being harmed by the hazard.
- 3. Is the risk significant likely to cause serious injury?
- 4. Minimise the risk- take precautions to avoid injury.
- 5. Log the hazard and share the information with colleagues.

NOTE: Before completing this risk assessment please see guidance notes towards the end of the document.

THE ACADEMY HUST

Tall Oaks Academy Trust – Simple Lesson RA (Risk and Responsibilities)

Risk Assessment

Health and Safety

All Tall Oaks Academy Trust activities must operate within the Health and Safety Executive guidelines and in accordance with the trust Health and Safety policy. The PE Lesson planner is responsible for this risk assessment and all activities involved in the lesson you have devised. Your risk assessment must be available to parents, on request, on the day of the lesson.

Risk Assessment

The attached risk assessment form is simple and easy to complete and is suitable for the types of activities you will incorporate into your lessons. In order to complete it you must:

1 Begin by looking afresh at the activity and describe it carefully in the section at the top of the risk assessment form. You need to include exactly what the children will do.

2 Look for the hazards in the activity, which are likely to cause **significant harm.** Keep in mind that, in this case you are looking at significant harm to children and young people. Try not to include the trivial. You can refer to some of the significant hazards detailed in the generic risk assessment.

3 Decide who might be harmed and how.

4 Evaluate the risks and decide whether existing precautions are adequate or more should be done. Even after all precautions have been taken, some risk usually remains. What you have to decide for each significant hazard is whether this remaining risk is high, medium or low. All remaining risks should be low.

5. Send for HOS/SLT signature.

You need to ask yourself:

1 Can I get rid of the hazard altogether without significantly changing the activity?

2 If not, how can I control the risks so that harm is unlikely?

More Advice

- Take the common sense view and don't overcomplicate things.
- Concentrate on significant risks but remember that you are looking at risks to children.
- HSE advice is that safety precautions / controls should be put in place which are: suitable and sufficient but not perfect
- Once you have completed the risk assessment and identified the safety precautions that need to be put in place, the overall risk of the activity should be

low.

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• Even if you consider an activity has no risk you should complete the top section of the risk assessment form to show that you have seriously considered any possible risk.

• Please keep a record of your risk assessment so that it is available to any parents or volunteers who wish to see it.

NOTE: Before completing this risk assessment please see guidance notes towards the end of the document.



Risk Assessment for: Venue:		Assessment Undertaken by Name: Signed:
Activity Description:		Date:
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Potential Hazards	Risk	Control Measures

HOS/SLT Signature_____